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"Sub-Regional workshop on Capacity Building of NFE Managers for Effective Use of ICTs in Literacy and Skills Training" from 8th – 12th March, 2014 in Dhaka, Bangladesh Presented by Dr. Kuldeep Kumar INDIA

No of States and UTs	28 States & 7 UTs	
Total Population, Male & Female	1210.57 Million Male 623.12 Million Female 587.45 Million	
Literacy Rate	72.99% Male 80.89% Female 64.64%	
Sex Ratio	943/1000	

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The principle target of the programme is to impart functional literacy to 70 million adult in the 15 years age above.

• Women being the primer focused and predominant participants, the entire programme will be given gender treatment.

Salient Features of SBP

- Objectives of Saakshar Bharat Mission Impart functional literacy & numeracy to nonliterate.
- Enable the neo-literate adults to continue their learning beyond basic equivalency to formal educational system.
- Impart non and neo-literates relevant skill development programmes to improve their earning and living conditions.
- Promote a learning society by providing opportunities to neo-literate adults for continuing education.

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Training Policy of NLMA

Vision of the Training Policy

Policy to promote lifelong learning in practice and precept for all functionaries of Adult Literacy and Education sector.

Policy reaffirms that training is a continuous process and training outcomes need to be assessed and reassessed against the goals of adult education.

Training Policy of NLMA

Objectives of the training policy

The broad objectives of the training policy will be To meet the training needs of all Stakeholders.

To respond to the programme specific needs of Adult Education Programmes in the Country.

To develop a sustainable National Capacity to deliver training in Adult Literacy and Education.

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Role of ICTs for Capacity Building

- Technological infrastructure and technologies now available can be exploited to enhance communication, networking and problem solving.
- Tele-conferencing/video conferencing systems can be used to conduct trainings, to strengthen monitoring and to provide opportunities for sharing of information.
- The nationwide distributed networks like EDUSAT may be utilized for organizing multi-level programmes, particularly for State Resource Centre personnel and volunteers.
- ICT as a comprehensive communication tool, should be widely deployed for multi way communication amongst all stakeholders, also endeavoring to elicit, prompt and inspire them into proactive work in this field.

- Why There are may advantages of ICT in Literacy & Skill Training How
- Through equipping with men & material resources Use of E- Primer in classes.
- Use of Talking Books for each learners.
- Use of Audio- Visual Equipments in classes. Computer Literacy for E- Learning. IT enabled Centres.
- ICT Training for Volunteers and Preraks.

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Indian Experiences

- Uses of ICTs in Managing
- Uses of ICTs in Monitoring
- Uses of ICTs in Training
- Uses of ICTs in Teaching-Skill Training
- Uses of ICTs in Assessing

- National Literacy Mission Authority/Saakshar Bharat have a mission web portal.
- The portal will grow into a comprehensive clearing house for news, resources, media and ideas, catering to different target groups neo-literates, NLM functionaries, NLM volunteers, researchers, etc.
- The site will have interactive features such as blogs for interchange of views, thoughts, and suggestions on literacy programmes and also exchange ideas, experiences, innovations with reference to literacy programmes. The portal having a facility for free download of scripts, articles, media materials, reports and documents and documents.

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Web Portal of NLMA Saakshar Bharat Mission Planning & Monitoring System is a Web Based Application for Saakshar Bharat Mission

It aims to institutionalize a system to promote and strengthen Adult Education, specially among women,.

The Web Based monitoring for Saakshar Bharat is a role-based monitoring.

NLMA State level officer, Coordinator, District Level Officer, Coordinator, Block Level Officer, Coordinator & Prerak.

•A web based Management Information System (MIS) is put in place for real time monitoring, which is critical for optimising the outreach and impact of the programmes.

• Review the progress at National to grass root levels.

•Names and progress of each learner is placed in the public domain

•Monitoring will not be unidirectional but a two way communication process.

•Feedback as to what is happening on the ground level through the same channels.

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•Access to relevant information through an effective and strong documentation and information network further strengthens adult education programmes as it improves access to relevant and timely information on adult learning.

•Documentations also a means of sharing the achievements of learners back to the field. Particularly with women, this effort will be effective in sustaining their enthusiasm for learning.

•Users of this software will be from Ministry, State Government, District, Block and Gram Panchayats.

•Citizens can also access the website for reports related to fund, survey etc

Introduction to FAMS For effective management of the Scheme, Guidelines formulated for Fund release management

- Frequency and quantum of releases
- Monitoring and evaluation
- Saakshar Bharat has two separate account types
- Main Account
- For grants received, cheques issued by programme implementing units, interest given by the bank. There is no cheque book for this account.
- Subsidiary Account
- For the bank authorizations received, cheques issued, and cash payments made
- Maintained by the SLMA, DPs, BPs and GPs

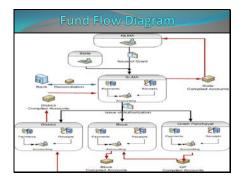
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Fund Authorization and Delegation – SLMA shall issue the bank authorization order, informing it of the limit of bank authorization for SLMA, and each DP, BP and GP.

Level Based Accounting - Capturing Funds received and Expenditure on different levels into centralized Information Database. Higher level having access on Accounting reports

of lower level for effective monitoring Double Entry Accounting System - based on the NLMA Accounting guidelines.

User Based Access - User have specific role to interact with the system. Once a user log-into the system, any action performed will be authorized and authenticated against users specified roles.



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Main Account

- Grant Receipts Central and State Grants received for Basic Literacy, Basic Education, General Purposes and Other Purposes Remittance Receipts - Donations remitted by District, Block and Gram
- Panchavats Interest Earned - Amount of Interest received from the Bank
- Other Receipts Amount as Receipts other than the above three

Subsidiary Account

- Authorization Receipts Amount of Authorization received
- Donations Amount received as donations
- Other Receipts Amount as Receipts other than the above two

- Main Account
 Authorizations Issue of Authorization to the subsidiary accounts
- **SubsidiaryAccount**
- Honorarium Amount paid to Preraks and coordinators
- Program Expenses Expenditure related to Seminars, Work shops, Communications, Documents, Surveys, Prerak Trainings, Travel and office up-keep like water bill, electricity bill, etc.
- Asset Payment Expenditure related to purchase of assets like Buildings, Furniture, Books, Musical Instruments, Maps, Bicycles and
- Remittance Donation amount received to be remitted to SLMA Main

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Subsidiary Account

- Self Cheque Amount withdrawn as cash from the bank Human Resources – Expenditure related to Community Mobilization, Teacher Learner Kits, Camps,
- etc. Current Assets - Amount issued as Imprest to staff as
- well as Advance to other party
- Taxes Payable Remittance of amount to the Income Tax Authority

Cheque Cancellation / Renewal - Updating the details of the cheques cancelled or renewed by specifying the reasons for the same

- User-friendly tool to the end user for cashbook maintenance and monthly accounts compilation.
- Single-point data entry eliminate repetitive and time-consuming tasks of data compilation and aggregation at various levels
- Managing the enormous data that is generated at various levels
- Availability of latest information at the click of a mouse facilitate the policy makers and executing officials in taking timely decisions

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- Activities requiring urgent attention are flashed to the concerned officials to facilitate them in taking timely preventive and corrective actions
- Anytime, Anywhere Availability of finance/accounts related data
- Accuracy of Information and Improved Efficiency with Accountability and Transparency

- Model AECs are contain :
- Computers with internet facility
- TV, Radio, Projectors ICT Training for Adults
- Dissemination of information
- Convergence
- Public Private Partnership
- Public Public Partnership
 Partnership with NGOs
 International Partnership

- Literacy with satellite facilities is proposed in Model AECs

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- Investment & capacity building
- Development of infrastructure
- Software & Trained Manpower
- Connectivity issues
- Convergence partnership

